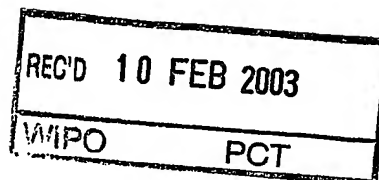


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PROTEIN COMPLEXES**TECHNICAL FIELD**

The present invention relates to complexes of the FOXC2 protein with other proteins, in particular complexes of FOXC2 with proteins designated p621; NOLP; HSC71; FTP3; CLH1; Kinase A Anchor Protein 84/149 (AKAP); and Groucho. The said complexes can be used in methods of identifying agents useful for the treatment of medical conditions which can be treated by modulated FOXC2 activity, such as obesity, hypertriglyceridemia, diet-induced insulin resistance, and/or type 2 diabetes.

BACKGROUND ART

Obesity, hyperlipidemia, and insulin resistance are common forerunners of type 2 diabetes mellitus. The human winged helix/forkhead transcription factor gene FOXC2 has been identified as a key regulator of adipocyte metabolism (Cederberg, A. et al. (2001) Cell 106:563-573). Increased FOXC2 expression, in adipocytes, has a pleiotropic effect on gene expression, which leads to a lean and insulin sensitive phenotype. FOXC2 affects adipocyte metabolism by increasing the sensitivity of the beta-adrenergic-cAMP-protein kinase A (PKA) signaling pathway through alteration of adipocyte PKA holoenzyme composition. Increased FOXC2 levels, induced by high fat diet, seem to counteract most of the symptoms associated with obesity, including hypertriglyceridemia and diet-induced insulin resistance; a likely consequence hereof would be protection against type 2 diabetes.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences of the human FOXC2 protein (SEQ ID NO: 1), also known as FKHL14, FREAC-11, or S12, as well as the corresponding mouse mesenchyme forkhead-1 (MFH-1) protein, are known in the art, see Miura, N. et al. (1993) FEBS letters 326: 171-176; Miura, N. et al. (1997) Genomics 41: 489-492; WO 98/54216 and WO 01/60853.

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Various mechanisms have been proposed for how FOXC2 function to regulate gene expression. One possibility is that FOXC2 interact with factors that are downstream of the Notch-Delta signaling pathway (Kume, T. et al. (2001) Genes & Development 15:2470-2482). For example, Groucho proteins form transcription repression complexes with bHLH transcriptions factors. It has been shown that Groucho can bind to two FOX proteins, FOXG1 and FOXA2 (Wang, J.-C. et al. (2001) J. Biol. Chem. 275: 18418-18423; Yao, J. et al. (2001) Mol. Cell. Biol. 21:1962-1972), and it was suggested that similar kinds of interactions may occur with FOXC proteins (Kume et al., *supra*)., FOXC2 complexes. However, interactions between the FOXC2 protein and Groucho has not previously been experimentally verified. Further with any of the proteins designated p621, NOLP, Heat Shock Cognate Protein-71 (HSC71), FTP3, CLH1, or Kinase A Anchor Protein 84/149 (AKAP) have not been previously described or suggested.

15 DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is based upon the identification of proteins that interact with FOXC2. The FOXC2-interacting proteins could contribute to the understanding of this transcription factor-signaling pathway. Further, such proteins could themselves be useful for the identification of agents useful for the treatment of obesity and diabetes.

Consequently, in a first aspect this invention provides a complex of a human FOXC2 protein and a FOXC2-interacting protein, wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of p621 (SEQ ID NO: 2), NOLP (SEQ ID NO: 3), Heat Shock Cognate Protein-71 (HSC71; SEQ ID NO: 4), FTP3 (SEQ ID NO: 5), CLH1 (SEQ ID NO: 6), Kinase A Anchor Protein 84/149 (AKAP; SEQ ID NO: 7)) and Groucho (SEQ ID NO: 8).

The invention further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a complex of a human FOXC2 protein and a FOXC2-interacting protein, wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Another aspect of the invention is a pharmaceutical composition for use in the treatment of a medical condition which is treatable by modulated FOXC2 activity, comprising a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a FOXC2-interacting protein having an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Yet another aspect of the invention is a method of modulating human FOXC2 by contacting a cell expressing a human FOXC2 gene with a protein having an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, or a nucleic acid encoding said protein.

A further aspect of the invention is a method for the treatment of a medical condition which is treatable by modulated FOXC2 activity, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a FOXC2-interacting protein having an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The said medical condition could be a medical condition which is putatively treatable by increased FOXC2 activity, such as obesity, hypertriglyceridemia, diet-induced insulin resistance, or type 2 diabetes. Alternatively, the said medical condition could be a medical condition which is putatively treatable by decreased FOXC2 activity, such as anorexia.

The term "treatment" means any treatment of a diseases in a mammal, including: (i) preventing the disease, i.e. causing the clinical symptoms of the disease not to develop (prophylaxis); (ii) inhibiting the disease, i.e. arresting the development of clinical symptoms; and/or (iii) relieving the disease, i.e. causing the regression of clinical symptoms. The term "effective amount" means a dosage sufficient to provide treatment for the disease state being treated. This will vary depending on the patient, the disease and the treatment being effected.

The invention further provides a method of identifying an agent that modulates human FOXC2; a FOXC2-interacting protein; and/or a complex of human FOXC2 and a FOXC2-interacting protein, wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid

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sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, said method comprising:

- (i) measuring the amount of said complex formed from human FOXC2 and FOXC2-interacting proteins in the presence of said agent; and
- 5 (ii) comparing the amount of said complex with the amount of said complex formed in the absence of said agent. Such a method could also include the step of determining whether said candidate agent modulates, (i.e. increases or decreases) FOXC2 activity.

The invention also provides a method for the treatment or prophylaxis of a medical
10 condition which is treatable by modulated FOXC2 activity, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of an agent identified by the method according to the invention as defined above. Specifically, the said medical condition is a medical condition which is putatively treatable by increased FOXC2 activity, such as obesity, hypertriglyceridemia, diet-induced insulin resistance, or type 2 diabetes; or
15 alternatively a medical condition which is putatively treatable by decreased FOXC2 activity, such as anorexia.

In a further aspect, the invention provides antibodies directed against a complex of a human FOXC2 protein and a FOXC2-interacting protein, which complex is defined
20 above according to the invention. Such antibodies can be prepared according to methods well known in the art. The said antibodies are useful e.g. in methods for the characterization and/or purification of the human FOXC2 protein and/or a FOXC2-interacting protein wherein a specific binding of the antibody to the said complex are utilized. Such methods can include e.g. immunoprecipitation, immunoblotting, or
25 immunoaffinity chromatography. Immunoprecipitation consists on a multiple ordered steps including cells lysis, binding of a specific antigen to an antibody, precipitation of the antigen-antibody complex, washing and dissociation of the antigen from the immune complex (Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Chapter 10: Analysis of Proteins, 1991, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.) Immunoblotting is a method that combines
30 the resolution of gel electrophoresis with the specificity of immunochemical detection. Immunoblotting can be used to determine a number of important characteristics of protein antigen (i.e., the presence and quantity on a sample, molecular weight, etc.). It can be combined with immunoprecipitation to allow a very sensitive detection of minor

antigens and to study specific interactions between antigens (Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual, Chapter 12: Immunoblotting, 1998, Harlow & Lane, CSH). Immunoaffinity chromatography enables for the purification of soluble or membrane-bound protein antigens from cells or homogenized tissues. The technique involves the elution of a single protein from an immunoaffinity column after prior elution of nonspecific absorbed proteins (Current Protocols in Protein Science, Chapter 9: Affinity purification, 1996, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.)

Throughout this description the terms "standard protocols" and "standard procedures", when used in the context of molecular biology techniques, are to be understood as protocols and procedures found in an ordinary laboratory manual such as: Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, editors F. Ausubel et al., John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 1994, or Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E.F. and Maniatis, T., Molecular Cloning: A laboratory manual, 2nd Ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY 1989.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1: Identification of putative positive FOXC2 interacting clones by SRS yeast two-hybrid system

1.1. Overview of the Sos Recruitment System (SRS)

The Sos Recruitment System (SRS) was used to assay for polypeptides interacting with the human FOXC2 polypeptide. SRS is a modification of the well-known yeast two-hybrid system first described by Fields & Song (1989) Nature 340, 245-246.

In the CytoTrap® SRS (http://www.stratagene.com/vectors/signal_trans/cytotrap; see also Aronheim, A. et al. (1997) Mol. Cell. Biol. 17:3094-3102; and US 5,776,689), proteins are expressed in the cytoplasm where, unlike in the nucleus, they may undergo posttranslational modifications. Protein-protein interactions in the cytoplasm are detected by recruitment of the human Sos gene product (hSos) to the membrane of the cell where it activates the Ras pathway. The CytoTrap system uses the unique yeast

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strain *cdc25H*, which contains a temperature-sensitive mutation in the *cdc25* gene, the yeast homologue for hSos. This protein, a guanyl nucleotide exchange factor, is essential for activation of the Ras pathway and ultimately for the survival and growth of the cell. The mutation in the *cdc25* protein is temperature sensitive; the cells can grow at 25°C but not at 37°C. This *cdc25* mutation can be complemented by the hSos gene product to allow growth at 37°, providing that the hSos protein is localized to the membrane via a protein-protein interaction.

The pMyr vector is designed for cDNA library construction. Genes are expressed in this vector as a fusion protein with the src myristylation signal that targets and anchors the protein to the cell membrane with the gene product extruding into the cytoplasm. Protein expression is controlled by the GAL1 promoter, which is induced in the presence of galactose but repressed in the presence of glucose.

The bait protein (FOXC2) is expressed as a fusion protein with the hSos protein from the pSos vector. When the cDNA library and the bait construct are cotransformed into the *cdc25H* yeast strain, the only cells capable of growing at 37°C on galactose medium are those that have been rescued by a protein-protein interaction recruiting hSos to the cell membrane.

1.2. Cloning of human FOXC2 in pSos

Human full-length FOXC2 (amino acids 1-501) from the pCB6+ plasmid (Cederberg, A. et al. (2001) Cell 106: 1-20) using CSIX-17 (SEQ ID NO: 9) and CSIX-18 (SEQ ID NO: 10) primers was amplified by PCR according to standard procedures. The amplified fragment was cloned into the pSos vector (Stratagene catalog No. 217433) using *Bam*HI sites included in the primers. The insert orientation was analyzed by restriction digestion, and the FOXC2 sequence was confirmed by nucleotide sequencing according to standard procedures.

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1.3. Expression of pSos-FOXC2 in yeast

The yeast strain cdc25H (Stratagene catalog No. 217437) was transformed with pSos-FOXC2 according to the protocol (Stratagene; CytoTrap Vector Kit; catalog No. 217438) and plated on SD/PDO-Leu plates. Protein extracts were made as described (Moilanen A. et al. (1998) Mol. Cell Biol. 18: 5128-5139) and subsequently analyzed by PAGE and Western blotting using anti-mouse Sos antibodies (BD Transduction Laboratories; catalog No. S15520-050). The western blot analysis showed protein bands migrating with the expected molecular weight corresponding to Sos-FOXC2 (MW 178 kDa) and Sos (MW 127 kDa). Additional bands of lower molecular weight were observed, probably due to protein degradation occurring during extract preparation or in the yeast cells during growth.

1.4 Transformation of yeast cells

A human fetal brain cDNA library (Stratagene catalog No. 975204) was used for transformation of yeast cells. The library was amplified by plating approximately 200,000 colonies/plate of LB-Kan (14-cm diameter). Since the library titer was 0.3×10^9 cfu/ml a total 50 plates inoculated with 0.66 µl of library suspension per plate were used. Cells were incubated overnight at 37°C and afterwards, colonies of a pinpoint size were harvested with 2x4 ml of LB using a sterile scraping glass. Additional LB-Kan medium was added to a final volume of 1,5 l. The cell suspension was incubated for 2 h at 37°C. Cells were harvested by centrifugation at 6,000 x g for 10 min and the plasmid DNA was prepared using Plasmid Maxi Prep columns (Qiagen catalog No. 12162) following the QIAGEN protocol.

Transformation was performed as described by Stratagene (CytoTrap XR Library Construction Kit; Instruction Manual; catalog No. 200444), with the difference that the transformation was sequential, i.e. carried out in two steps. First, yeast was transformed with the pSOS-FOXC2 plasmid. Cdc25H yeast cells carrying the pSos-FOXC2 plasmid were made competent and transformed with 80 µg of cDNA library DNA. After 72 hours of growth at 25°C in glucose (-Leu -Ura) the plates were replicated into a

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galactose medium and incubated at 37°C for a maximum of 11 days. Transformants were screened following Stratagene protocols for the revertants test.

5 Approximately 8×10^5 yeast transformants were screened and 4,000 galactose-dependent candidate clones were obtained. After a parallel growth test at non-permissive temperature in glucose and galactose media, 230 of these clones grew only in galactose and were analyzed further. Clones growing in both glucose and galactose media were considered to be revertants and were therefore discarded.

10

EXAMPLE 2: Analysis of putative positive interacting clones

2.1. Sequence analysis of putative FOXC2-interacting clones

15 Total yeast DNA was prepared as described by Stratagene (CytoTrap XR Library Construction Kit; Instruction Manual; catalog No. 200444). The final pellet was dissolved in 20 μ l H₂O and used as template for PCR amplification or transformation of *E. coli* cells. 40 μ l TOP10 7' electrocompetent cells were transformed (2.5 kV, 25 μ F and 200 Ω) with 2 μ l of this DNA. Immediately, 1 ml of SOC medium was added and
20 cells were incubated for 1 hour at 37°C. All cells were plated onto LB-plates containing 30 μ g/ml of chloramphenicol. Transformants were used for plasmid DNA preparations (QIAGEN).

In order to amplify prey inserts the extracted yeast DNA was used as template. The
25 PCR reaction was set up by mixing 1 μ l of desired yeast DNA, 1xPCR buffer, 5 units TaqPol, 40 pmol each of the primers NA15 (SEQ ID NO: 11) and NA1149 (SEQ ID NO: 12) and 200 μ M dNTP's to a final volume of 50 μ l. The following PCR reaction was started: 95°C for 5 minutes followed by 35 cycles consisting of 30 seconds at 95°C, 30 seconds at 55°C and 1.5 minute at 72°C and a final 7 minutes at 72°C. The
30 fragments obtained were purified and sequenced.

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Sequence analysis was performed at the level of PCR or plasmid DNA by BLAST homology search against a non-redundant nucleotide database without ESTs (EMBL and GenBank).

5

2.2. Identification of seven FOXC2-interacting proteins

Among the expected false positives, several clones encoding hSos, Ras, and other members of Ras-GTPase family were identified, confirming the ras-signaling pathway read-out for this assay. The remaining clones corresponded to previously characterized genes (139 clones) and unknown genes (16 clones). In both cases, some of them were found several times as identical clones, probably due to library amplification. The unknown clones were analyzed further using the validation test in yeast described above. These clones were shown not to express proteins capable of specific interactions with FOXC2, and were therefore disregarded. The clones corresponding to known genes could be classified into the following protein categories: transcription regulators, matrix proteins, transcription factors, kinase-subunits, and nuclear proteins. In total, 43 clones were identified as putative "hits" and further analyzed.

In order to eliminate hits with a nonspecific interaction to FOXC2 (e.g. proteins interacting with the Sos tag-protein) the 43 identified clones were subjected to a false positive test. This was done by co-transformation of cdc25H yeast with each of the hit proteins (pMyrHit) together with (a) pSos-FOXC2; (b) pSos; or (c) as a control, Sos fused to MafB (Stratagene; CytoTrap Vector Kit; catalog No. 217438). Cells that grew in galactose at 37°C only when transformed with plasmid (a) were considered to represent a true positive interaction. By this procedure, seven proteins (Table I) were identified as putative FOXC2-interacting proteins. For these seven proteins, the above experiment was repeated also with Coll (Stratagene; CytoTrap Vector Kit; catalog No. 217438) as a control, which gave the same results.

30

To characterize further the interactions between FOXC2 and FOXC2-interacting proteins in yeast, the interaction of Sos-FOXC2 hybrid protein was compared with the one between MafB proteins. MafB proteins are known to form dimers (Kataoka, K. et

al. (1994) Mol. Cell. Biol. 14: 7581-7591). The p621 gene exhibited the strongest interaction to FOXC2 followed by FTP3, Groucho and Clathrin. A weaker interaction was observed for PKA anchor protein, NOLP and HSC71.

TABLE I

Putative FOXC2-interacting proteins identified by SRS. Interaction strength is determined relative to the interaction between MaFB proteins (++++), during the same conditions.

Gene	SEQ ID NO:	Accession No.	Interaction strength
p621	2	AJ242978 (partial mRNA)	++++
NOLP	3	AB017800	+
HSC71	4	BC007276	+
FTP3	5	P55795	+++
CLH1	6	D21260	+++
AKAP149	7	X97335	++
AES-1/2 / Groucho	8	U04241 AAD00654	+++

10

EXAMPLE 3: Characterization of FOXC2-interacting proteins

3.1. p621

p621 (SEQ ID NO: 2; partial sequence) is a protein of unknown function that interacts with the Sp1 transcription factor (Gunther, M. et al. (2000) Mol. Cell. Biol. 210: 131-142). The mouse homologue, ATFa-associated factor (mAM), has recently been cloned and characterized (De Grave, F. et al. (2000) 19: 1807-1819). It acts as a transcriptional co-repressor, and contains a bipartite NLS (Nuclear Localization Signal) and an ATPase activity.

20

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In the present SRS screen, the interaction between FOXC2 and the p621 protein in yeast was supported by 12 obtained clones, comprising three different overlapping sequences. On basis of the identified fragments, the p621 region comprising nucleotides 580-1320 is sufficient for the FOXC2-p621 interaction.

5

3.2. NOLP

NOLP (for "nucleolar-localized protein") is a nucleolar protein cloned from a human fetal brain cDNA library (Ueki, N. et al. (1998) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm. 252: 97-102). The NOLP gene encodes a 524-amino acid polypeptide with an *E. coli* helicase-homologous region, an acid-rich domain, three base-rich putative nuclear localization signals, a serine-rich region, and a coiled-coil domain. Northern blot analysis and RT-PCR revealed that NOLP is expressed as a 3.5-kb mRNA in fetal brain, adult brain, and testis. Deletion studies revealed that NOLP contains functional nuclear and nucleolar localization signals. In the present SRS screen, a single NOLP clone was identified, comprising a sequence that starts at the D145 residue of the NOLP sequence (SEQ ID NO: 3).

15

3.3. Heat Shock Cognate Protein-71 (HSC71)

20

Heat Shock Cognate Protein-71 protein (HSC71; SEQ ID NO: 4) has been recently identified from human brain tissues (GenBank Accession No. BC007276). The HSC71 protein contains a hsp70 domain (Pfam-PF00012; Bateman et al. (2002) Nucleic Acids Research 30:276-280) and it is possible to speculate that as other members of this hsp70 superfamily of proteins is involved in protein folding and assembling/disassembling of protein complexes. This has been suggested for the HSC71 protein isolated from rainbow trout (Zafarullah, M. et al. (1992) Eur.J.Biochem. 204: 893-900).

25

In the present SRS screen, nine HSC71 clones were obtained. They could be categorized into four different overlapping clones (from K₆₇ to the stop codon of HSC71 protein).

30

3.4. *FTP3*

FTP3 (SEQ ID NO: 5) is a Heterogeneous Nuclear Ribonucleoprotein-H' (hnRNP-H'), and is ubiquitously expressed. It comprises three RNA-binding motifs and its function may include pre-mRNA processing and transport. hnRNPs are known to bind heterogeneous nuclear RNA, the transcripts produced by RNA polymerase II (Honore, B. et al. (1995) J. Biol. Chem. 270: 28780-28789). In the present SRS screen, a single FTP3 clone was identified, corresponding to the C-terminal region of FTP3 (D₃₄₈-A₄₄₉).

3.5. *CLH1*

CLH1 (SEQ ID NO: 6) is a human clathrin heavy chain protein. The clathrin heavy chain is the main structural protein of the cytoplasm surface of coated pits and vesicles, involved in receptor-mediated endocytosis, secretion and intracellular transfer of membrane-associated components. It is located at the cytoplasmic phase of coated pits and vesicles and it is readily expressed in most human adult tissues and localized to human chromosome 17 (Dodge, GR. et al. (1991) Genomics 1:174-178). In the present SRS screen, 13 similar clones were identified, aligning at the N-terminal to N₈₅₃ amino acid residue of the CLH1 sequence.

3.6. *AKAP149 (A Kinase Anchor Protein 149)*

The effects of individual protein kinases (PKAs) isoforms are determined by their cellular localization, specified through binding to distinct A Kinase Anchor Proteins (AKAPs). AKAP149 (SEQ ID NO: 7; Trendelenburg, G. et al. (1996) Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm. 225: 313-319) is a putative splicing variant of S-AKAP84 (previously described by Lin et al. (1995) J. Biol. Chem. 270: 27804-27811; GenBank Accession No. U34074) with the important new feature of a RNA-binding motif (KH domain). Trendelenburg et al. showed that AKAP149 was expressed as a 4.2-kb transcript in all epithelial tissues examined, with the strongest signal being detected in prostate and small intestine RNAs. In addition, a 3.2-kb transcript was expressed

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exclusively in testis. Trendelenburg et al. speculated that AKAP149 is involved in the cAMP-dependent signal transduction pathway and in directing RNA to a specific cellular compartment.

- 5 In the present SRS screen, two clones were identified, both containing the entire CDS amino acid sequence of AKAP149.

3.7. AES1-2/Groucho

- 10 AES1-2/Groucho (SEQ ID NO: 8) is a human protein exhibiting approximately 50% identity to the N-terminal region of *Drosophila* "enhancer of split Groucho" protein (Miyasaka, H. et al. (1993) Eur. J. Biochem. 216: 343-352). It is possibly involved in the negative regulation of proteins containing WD40 repeats. It has a nuclear localization and is expressed predominantly in muscle, heart and placenta. In the present
15 SRS screen, two clones were identified.

3.8. Summary

- 20 In summary, seven FOXC2-interacting proteins were isolated. Two of these proteins (p621 and AES1-2/groucho) are involved in transcription and could act by repressing FOXC2 transcriptional activity. In addition, three cytoplasmic proteins (AKAP, Clathrin and HSC71) involved in cellular and matrix localization, and protein folding activity, were identified. Finally, two proteins of nuclear localization; one involved in RNA processing (FTP3) and one of unknown function (NOLP), were identified.

25

EXAMPLE 4: Expression profiling of FOXC2-interacting proteins

- 30 To determine the tissue transcript expression profile for the FOXC2-interacting proteins described in Example 3, a computer analysis of Affymetrix chips containing human transcripts from adipose tissue, liver and muscle was performed.

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PolyA+ mRNAs were extracted from human tissues from healthy patients using a Dynabeads mRNA Direct™ kit (Dynal A.S., Norway). White adipose, liver and muscle tissues were from biopsies. mRNAs were reverse transcribed using a T7-tagged oligo-dT primer and double-stranded cDNAs were generated. These cDNAs were then amplified and labeled using in vitro transcription (IVT) with T7 RNA polymerase and biotinylated nucleotides. The populations of cRNAs obtained after IVT were purified and fragmented by heat to produce a distribution of RNA fragment sizes from approximately 35 to 200 bases. The Human Genome U95 Set of five GeneChip® probe arrays (Affymetrix; catalog Nos. 900303, 900305, 900307, 900309 and 900311) were hybridized using the recommended buffer overnight at 45°C with the denatured cRNA samples. The arrays were then washed and stained with R-phycoerythrin streptavidin with the help of an Affymetrix fluidics station. The cartridges were scanned using a Hewlett-Packard confocal scanner and the images were analyzed with the GeneChip 4.1 software (Affymetrix). The identity of the genes represented on the probe arrays was assessed by performing searches using BLAST (Altschul et al. (1990) J. Mol. Biol. 215: 403-410) on available protein sequence databanks.

The results indicated that all identified FOXC2-interacting proteins are present in adipose and liver tissue, except for NOLP and clathrin proteins. In muscle, all identified FOXC2-interacting proteins are present except for NOLP. It can be concluded that the FOXC2-interacting proteins are expressed in tissues involved in energy metabolism and therefore putatively relevant to medical conditions relating to diabetes and obesity.

EXAMPLE 5: Co-immunoprecipitation

Co-immunoprecipitation of proteins from whole-cell extracts is a valuable approach to test for physical interactions between proteins of interest (Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Chapter 20: Analysis of protein interactions, 2000, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 2000). For instance, FOXC2 and each of the identified FOXC2-interacting proteins can be in vitro transcribed/translated under the control of T7 promotor in experiments using a TNT® Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System (Promega, 2800 Woods Hollow Road, Madison-WI53711, USA) in the presence of ³⁵S-methionine. The

FOXC2-hit complex can be immunoprecipitated using antibodies against FOXC2 or an epitope tag present in one of the proteins expressed as a tag-fusion protein (e.g. c-myc monoclonal or AH-polyclonal antibodies from Clontech). The complex can be resolved by SDS-PAGE. The subsequent exposure of the gel to an X-ray film or
5 phosphorimaging screen can identify the presence of bands of expected size corresponding to the FOXC2-hit complex if these proteins interact to FOXC2.

EXAMPLE 6: Preparation of anti-FOXC2 antibodies

10

Antibodies are an important tool in the analysis of protein-protein interaction (see e.g. Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Chapter 11: Immunology, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.). The human FOXC2 protein, or synthetic fragments of the FOXC2 sequence which are specific and antigenic, can be used to immunize animals such as rabbits. Polyclonal
15 antibodies can be raised following standard protocols (Antibodies; A laboratory Manual, Chapter 5: Immunizations, 1988, Harlow & Lane, CHS) and affinity purified from the whole sera when using peptides as antigen. The antibodies will be useful for co-immunoprecipitation of the FOXC2/FOXC2-interacting protein complex, as well as for western blot analysis of the resolved complex.

CLAIMS

1. A complex of a human FOXC2 protein and a FOXC2-interacting protein, wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8.
5
2. The complex according to claim 1 wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence shown as SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 10 3. The complex according to claim 1 wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence shown as SEQ ID NO: 3.
4. The complex according to claim 1 wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence shown as SEQ ID NO: 4.
15
5. The complex according to claim 1 wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence shown as SEQ ID NO: 5.
6. The complex according to claim 1 wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence shown as SEQ ID NO: 6.
20
7. The complex according to claim 1 wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence shown as SEQ ID NO: 7.
- 25 8. The complex according to claim 1 wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence shown as SEQ ID NO: 8.
9. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a complex of a human FOXC2 protein and a FOXC2-interacting protein, wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
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10. A pharmaceutical composition for use in the treatment of a medical condition which is treatable by modulated FOXC2 activity, comprising a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount of a FOXC2-interacting protein having an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
11. A method of modulating human FOXC2 by contacting a cell expressing a human FOXC2 gene with a protein having an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, or a nucleic acid encoding said protein.
12. A method for the treatment or prophylaxis of a medical condition which is treatable by modulated FOXC2 activity, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a FOXC2-interacting protein having an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
13. The method according to claim 12 for the treatment of a medical condition which is treatable by increased FOXC2 activity.
14. The method according to claim 13 wherein the said medical condition is obesity, hypertriglyceridemia, diet-induced insulin resistance, or type 2 diabetes.
15. The method according to claim 12 for the treatment of a medical condition which is treatable by decreased FOXC2 activity.
16. The method according to claim 15 wherein the said medical condition is anorexia.
17. A method of identifying an agent that modulates the formation of a complex of human FOXC2 and a FOXC2-interacting protein, wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, comprising

- (i) measuring the amount of said complex formed from human FOXC2 and FOXC2-interacting proteins in the presence of said agent; and
- (ii) comparing the amount of said complex with the amount of said complex formed in the absence of said agent.

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18. A method of identifying an agent that modulates human FOXC2, comprising
- (i) measuring the amount of a complex formed from human FOXC2 and FOXC2-interacting proteins in the presence of said agent; wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8; and
 - (ii) comparing the amount of said complex with the amount of said complex formed in the absence of said agent.

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19. A method of identifying an agent modulating FOXC2 activity, said method comprising:
- (i) contacting a candidate agent with a complex of a human FOXC2 protein and a FOXC2-interacting protein; and
 - (ii) determining whether said candidate agent modulates FOXC2 activity; wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8.

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20. A method of identifying an agent that modulates a FOXC2-interacting protein, wherein the FOXC2-interacting protein has an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, comprising
- (i) measuring the amount of said complex formed from human FOXC2 and a said FOXC2-interacting protein in the presence of said agent; and
 - (ii) comparing the amount of said complex with the amount of said complex formed in the absence of said agent.

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21. A method for the treatment or prophylaxis of a medical condition which is treatable by modulated FOXC2 activity, comprising administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of an agent identified by the method according to any one of claims 17 to 20.

22. The method according to claim 21 for the treatment of a medical condition which is treatable by increased FOXC2 activity.
- 5 23. The method according to claim 22 wherein the said medical condition is obesity, hypertriglyceridemia, diet-induced insulin resistance, or type 2 diabetes.
24. The method according to claim 22 for the treatment of a medical condition which is treatable by decreased FOXC2 activity.
- 10 25. The method according to claim 24 wherein the said medical condition is anorexia.
26. A method for purifying a FOXC2-interacting protein having an amino acid sequence chosen from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, comprising the steps:
- 15 (i) obtaining an antibody directed against a complex of a human FOXC2 protein and a said FOXC2-interacting protein; and
- (ii) binding the said complex to the said antibody.

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Huvudfoxen Kassan

ABSTRACT

The present invention relates to complexes of the FOXC2 protein with other proteins, in particular complexes of FOXC2 with proteins designated p621; NOLP; HSC71; FTP3; CLH1; Kinase A Anchor Protein 84/149 (AKAP); and Groucho. The said complexes can be used in methods of identifying agents useful for the treatment of medical conditions which can be treated by modulated FOXC2 activity, such as obesity, hypertriglyceridemia, diet-induced insulin resistance, and/or type 2 diabetes.

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Huvudfoxen Kassen

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 Glu Lys Ile Val Leu Asp Asn Ser Val Phe Ser Glu His Arg Asn
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 Leu Gln Asn Leu Leu Ile Leu Thr Ala Ile Lys Ala Asp Arg Thr
 1025 1030 1035
 Arg Val Met Glu Tyr Ile Asn Arg Leu Asp Asn Tyr Asp Ala Pro
 1040 1045 1050
 Asp Ile Ala Asn Ile Ala Ile Ser Asn Glu Leu Phe Glu Glu Ala
 1055 1060 1065
 Phe Ala Ile Phe Arg Lys Phe Asp Val Asn Thr Ser Ala Val Gln
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Val	Leu	Ile	Glu	His	Ile	Gly	Asn	Leu	Asp	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Phe
1085						1090					1095			
Ala	Glu	Arg	Cys	Asn	Glu	Pro	Ala	Val	Trp	Ser	Gln	Leu	Ala	Lys
1100						1105					1110			
Ala	Gln	Leu	Gln	Lys	Gly	Met	Val	Lys	Glu	Ala	Ile	Asp	Ser	Tyr
1115						1120					1125			
Ile	Lys	Ala	Asp	Asp	Pro	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Met	Glu	Val	Val	Gln	Ala
1130						1135					1140			
Ala	Asn	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asn	Trp	Glu	Glu	Leu	Val	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Gln
1145						1150					1155			
Met	Ala	Arg	Lys	Lys	Ala	Arg	Glu	Ser	Tyr	Val	Glu	Thr	Glu	Leu
1160						1165					1170			
Ile	Phe	Ala	Leu	Ala	Lys	Thr	Asn	Arg	Leu	Ala	Glu	Leu	Glu	Glu
1175						1180					1185			
Phe	Ile	Asn	Gly	Pro	Asn	Asn	Ala	His	Ile	Gln	Gln	Val	Gly	Asp
1190						1195					1200			
Arg	Cys	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Lys	Met	Tyr	Asp	Ala	Ala	Lys	Leu	Leu	Tyr
1205						1210					1215			
Asn	Asn	Val	Ser	Asn	Phe	Gly	Arg	Leu	Ala	Ser	Thr	Leu	Val	His
1220						1225					1230			
Leu	Gly	Glu	Tyr	Gln	Ala	Ala	Val	Asp	Gly	Ala	Arg	Lys	Ala	Asn
1235						1240					1245			
Ser	Thr	Arg	Thr	Trp	Lys	Glu	Val	Cys	Phe	Ala	Cys	Val	Asp	Gly
1250						1255					1260			
Lys	Glu	Phe	Arg	Leu	Ala	Gln	Met	Cys	Gly	Leu	His	Ile	Val	Val
1265						1270					1275			
His	Ala	Asp	Glu	Leu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ile	Asn	Tyr	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Arg
1280						1285					1290			
Gly	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ile	Thr	Met	Leu	Glu	Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly
1295						1300					1305			
Leu	Glu	Arg	Ala	His	Met	Gly	Met	Phe	Thr	Glu	Leu	Ala	Ile	Leu
1310						1315					1320			
Tyr	Ser	Lys	Phe	Lys	Pro	Gln	Lys	Met	Arg	Glu	His	Leu	Glu	Leu
1325						1330					1335			
Phe	Trp	Ser	Arg	Val	Asn	Ile	Pro	Lys	Val	Leu	Arg	Ala	Ala	Glu
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Gln	Ala	His	Leu	Trp	Ala	Glu	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Tyr
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Glu	Glu	Tyr	Asp	Asn	Ala	Ile	Ile	Thr	Met	Met	Asn	His	Pro	Thr
1370						1375					1380			

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1385	1390 1395
Ala Asn Val Glu Leu Tyr Tyr Arg Ala Ile Gln Phe Tyr Leu Glu	
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1415	1420 1425
Arg Leu Asp His Thr Arg Ala Val Asn Tyr Phe Ser Lys Val Lys	
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Gln Leu Pro Leu Val Lys Pro Tyr Leu Arg Ser Val Gln Asn His	
1445	1450 1455
Asn Asn Lys Ser Val Asn Glu Ser Leu Asn Asn Leu Phe Ile Thr	
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Glu Glu Asp Tyr Gln Ala Leu Arg Thr Ser Ile Asp Ala Tyr Asp	
1475	1480 1485
Asn Phe Asp Asn Ile Ser Leu Ala Gln Arg Leu Glu Lys His Glu	
1490	1495 1500
Leu Ile Glu Phe Arg Arg Ile Ala Ala Tyr Leu Phe Lys Gly Asn	
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Tyr Lys Asp Ala Met Gln Tyr Ala Ser Glu Ser Lys Asp Thr Glu	
1535	1540 1545
Leu Ala Glu Glu Leu Leu Gln Trp Phe Leu Gln Glu Glu Lys Arg	
1550	1555 1560
Glu Cys Phe Gly Ala Cys Leu Phe Thr Cys Tyr Asp Leu Leu Arg	
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Pro Asp Val Val Leu Glu Thr Ala Trp Arg His Asn Ile Met Asp	
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Phe Ala Met Pro Tyr Phe Ile Gln Val Met Lys Glu Tyr Leu Thr	
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Lys Val Asp Lys Leu Asp Ala Ser Glu Ser Leu Arg Lys Glu Glu	
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Glu Gln Ala Thr Glu Thr Gln Pro Ile Val Tyr Gly Gln Pro Gln	
1625	1630 1635
Leu Met Leu Thr Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Ala Val Pro Pro Gln Ala	
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Pro Phe Gly Tyr Gly Tyr Thr Ala Pro Pro Tyr Gly Gln Pro Gln	
1655	1660 1665
Pro Gly Phe Gly Tyr Ser Met	
1670	1675

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Val Ser Ser His Asp Glu Gln Gln Val Glu Ala Gly Ala Val Gln Leu
35 40 45

Arg Ala Asp Pro Ala Ile Lys Glu Pro Leu Pro Val Glu Asp Val Cys
50 55 60

Pro Lys Val Val Ser Thr Pro Pro Ser Val Thr Glu Pro Pro Glu Lys
65 70 75 80

Glu Leu Ser Thr Val Ser Lys Leu Pro Ala Glu Pro Pro Ala Leu Leu
85 90 95

Gln Thr His Pro Pro Cys Arg Arg Ser Glu Ser Ser Gly Ile Leu Pro
100 105 110

Asn Thr Thr Asp Met Arg Leu Arg Pro Gly Thr Arg Arg Asp Asp Ser
115 120 125

Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Thr Gly Gly Glu Ala Lys Ser Ile Pro
130 135 140

Leu Glu Cys Pro Leu Ser Ser Pro Lys Gly Val Leu Phe Ser Ser Lys
145 150 155 160

Ser Ala Glu Val Cys Lys Gln Asp Ser Pro Phe Ser Arg Val Pro Arg
165 170 175

Lys Val Gln Pro Gly Tyr Pro Val Val Pro Ala Glu Lys Arg Ser Ser
180 185 190

Gly Glu Arg Ala Arg Glu Thr Gly Gly Ala Glu Gly Thr Gly Asp Ala
195 200 205

Val Leu Gly Glu Lys Val Leu Glu Glu Ala Leu Leu Ser Arg Glu His
210 215 220

Val Leu Glu Leu Glu Asn Ser Lys Gly Pro Ser Leu Ala Ser Leu Glu
225 230 235 240

Gly Glu Glu Asp Lys Gly Lys Ser Ser Ser Ser Gln Val Val Gly Pro
245 250 255

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Val Gln Glu Glu Glu Tyr Val Ala Glu Lys Leu Pro Ser Arg Phe Ile
260 265 270

Glu Ser Ala His Thr Glu Leu Ala Lys Asp Asp Ala Ala Pro Ala Pro
275 280 285

Pro Val Ala Asp Ala Lys Ala Gln Asp Arg Gly Val Glu Gly Glu Leu
290 295 300

Gly Asn Glu Glu Ser Leu Asp Arg Asn Glu Glu Gly Leu Asp Arg Asn
305 310 315 320

Glu Glu Gly Leu Asp Arg Asn Glu Glu Ser Leu Asp Arg Asn Glu Glu
325 330 335

Gly Leu Asp Arg Asn Glu Glu Ile Lys Arg Ala Ala Phe Gln Ile Ile
340 345 350

Ser Gln Val Ile Ser Glu Ala Thr Glu Gln Val Leu Ala Thr Thr Val
355 360 365

Gly Lys Val Ala Gly Arg Val Cys Gln Ala Ser Gln Leu Gln Gly Gln
370 375 380

Lys Glu Glu Ser Cys Val Pro Val His Gln Lys Thr Val Leu Gly Pro
385 390 395 400

Asp Thr Ala Glu Pro Ala Thr Ala Glu Ala Ala Val Ala Pro Pro Asp
405 410 415

Ala Gly Leu Pro Leu Pro Gly Leu Pro Ala Glu Gly Ser Pro Pro Pro
420 425 430

Lys Thr Tyr Val Ser Cys Leu Lys Ser Leu Leu Ser Ser Pro Thr Lys
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Asp Ser Lys Pro Asn Ile Ser Ala His His Ile Ser Leu Ala Ser Cys
450 455 460

Leu Ala Leu Thr Thr Pro Ser Glu Glu Leu Pro Asp Arg Ala Gly Ile
465 470 475 480

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485 490 495

Ser Val Pro Leu Val Ala Ser Pro Gly His Cys Ser Asp Ser Phe Ser
500 505 510

Thr Ser Gly Leu Glu Asp Ser Cys Thr Glu Thr Ser Ser Ser Pro Arg
515 520 525

Asp Lys Ala Ile Thr Pro Pro Leu Pro Glu Ser Thr Val Pro Phe Ser
530 535 540

Asn Gly Val Leu Lys Gly Glu Leu Ser Asp Leu Gly Ala Glu Asp Gly
545 550 555 560

Trp Thr Met Asp Ala Glu Ala Asp His Ser Gly Gly Ser Asp Arg Asn
565 570 575

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Ser Met Asp Ser Val Asp Ser Cys Cys Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Glu Ser
 580 585 590
 Phe Gln Asn Ala Gln Ala Gly Ser Asn Pro Lys Lys Val Asp Leu Ile
 595 600 605
 Ile Trp Glu Ile Glu Val Pro Lys His Leu Val Gly Arg Leu Ile Gly
 610 615 620
 Lys Gln Gly Arg Tyr Val Ser Phe Leu Lys Gln Thr Ser Gly Ala Lys
 625 630 635 640
 Ile Tyr Ile Ser Thr Leu Pro Tyr Thr Gln Ser Val Gln Ile Cys His
 645 650 655
 Ile Glu Gly Ser Gln His His Val Asp Lys Ala Leu Asn Leu Ile Gly
 660 665 670
 Lys Lys Phe Lys Glu Leu Asn Leu Thr Asn Ile Tyr Ala Pro Pro Leu
 675 680 685
 Pro Ser Leu Ala Leu Pro Ser Leu Pro Met Thr Ser Trp Leu Met Leu
 690 695 700
 Pro Asp Gly Ile Thr Val Glu Val Ile Val Val Asn Gln Val Asn Ala
 705 710 715 720
 Gly His Leu Phe Val Gln Gln His Thr His Pro Thr Phe His Ala Leu
 725 730 735
 Arg Ser Leu Asp Gln Gln Met Tyr Leu Cys Tyr Ser Gln Pro Gly Ile
 740 745 750
 Pro Thr Leu Pro Thr Pro Val Glu Ile Thr Val Ile Cys Ala Ala Pro
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 Gly Ala Asp Gly Ala Trp Trp Arg Ala Gln Val Val Ala Ser Tyr Glu
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 Glu Thr Asn Glu Val Glu Ile Arg Tyr Val Asp Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Lys
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 Met Thr Gly Asn Thr Ala Leu Leu Ala Gln Val Thr Ser Tyr Ser Pro
 850 855 860
 Thr Gly Leu Pro Leu Ile Gln Leu Trp Ser Val Val Gly Asp Glu Val
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35 40 45

Lys Leu Ala Ser Glu Lys Ser Glu Met Gln Arg His Tyr Val Met Tyr
50 55 60

Tyr Glu Met Ser Tyr Gly Leu Asn Ile Glu Met His Lys Gln Ala Glu
65 70 75 80

Ile Val Lys Arg Leu Asn Gly Ile Cys Ala Gln Val Leu Pro Tyr Leu
85 90 95

Ser Gln Glu His Gln Gln Gln Val Leu Gly Ala Ile Glu Arg Ala Lys
100 105 110

Gln Val Thr Ala Pro Glu Leu Asn Ser Ile Ile Arg Gln Gln Leu Gln
115 120 125

Ala His Gln Leu Ser Gln Leu Gln Ala Leu Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr Pro
130 135 140

Leu Pro Val Gly Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Leu Pro Ala Val Ser Ala Gly
145 150 155 160

Thr Gly Leu Leu Ser Leu Ser Ala Leu Gly Ser Gln Ala His Leu Ser
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Gly Glu Lys Ser Asp
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<223> PCR primer

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